

### General Description

- Trench Power AlphaSGT™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- Optimized for fast-switching applications
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

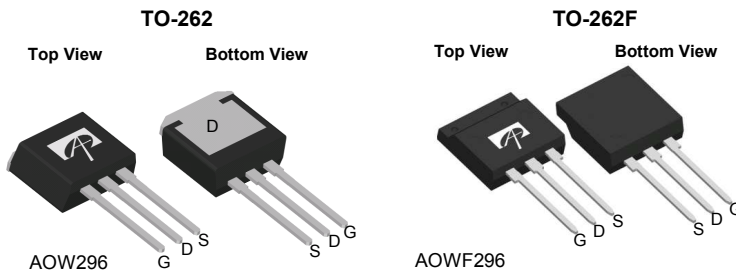
### Applications

- Synchronous Rectification in DC/DC and AC/DC Converters
- Industrial and Motor Drive applications

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	100V
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 9.7m $\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=6V$ )	< 12.2m $\Omega$

100% UIS Tested  
 100% Rg Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOW296	TO-262	Tube	1000
AOWF296	TO-262F	Tube	1000

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOW296 (Max)	AOWF296 (Max)	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	100		V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$		V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G(AOW)</sup>	$I_D$	70	37	A
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$		46.5	23.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	180	150	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	18	21	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		14.5	16.5	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$				
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	40		A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	80		mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike <sup>I</sup>	$V_{SPIKE}$	120		V
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	104	26	W
		$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	41.5	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	6.2	8.3	W
		$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	4.0	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$				
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	AOW296 (Max)	AOWF296 (Max)	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	20	15	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$t \leq 10\text{s}$		65	55	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.2	4.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Steady-State				

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>							
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	100			V	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V			±100	nA	
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	2.3	2.9	3.4	V	
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		7.9	9.7	mΩ	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =6V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		13.6	16.6		
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		62		S	
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V	
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>	AOW296			70	A	
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current	AOWF296			30	A	
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>							
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V, f=1MHz		2785		pF	
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance				238		pF
C <sub>riss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				12		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	0.25	0.55	0.85	Ω	
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>							
Q <sub>g(10V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		37	52	nC	
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge				11.5		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge				5		nC
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V		37		nC	
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V, R <sub>L</sub> =2.5Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		13		ns	
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time				8.5		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				29		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				4		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		35		ns	
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		210		nC	

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub> =25° C. The Power dissipation P<sub>DSM</sub> is based on R<sub>θJA</sub> ≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C.

D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

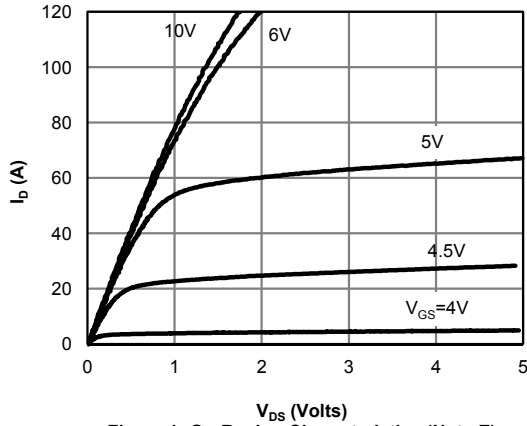
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

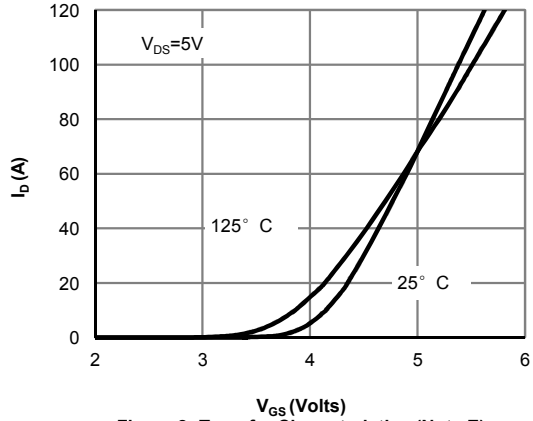
I. The spike duty cycle 5% max, limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=125° C.

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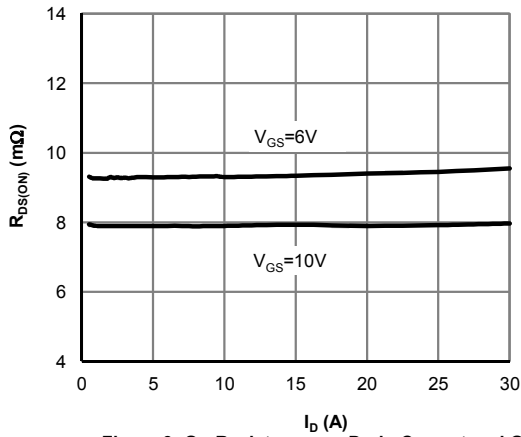
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



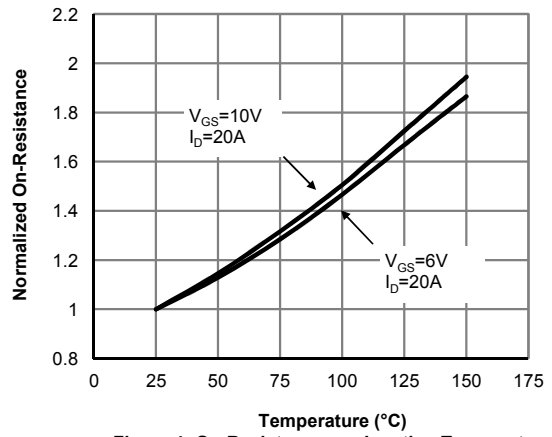
**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**



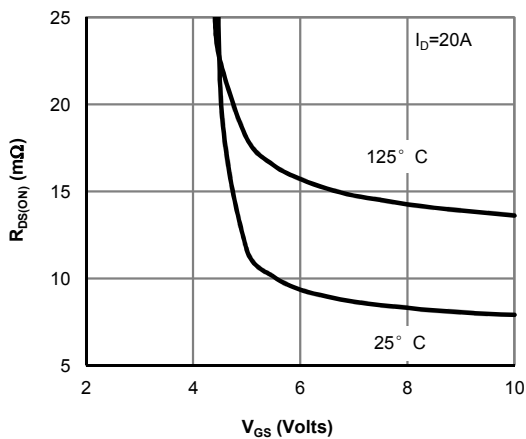
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**



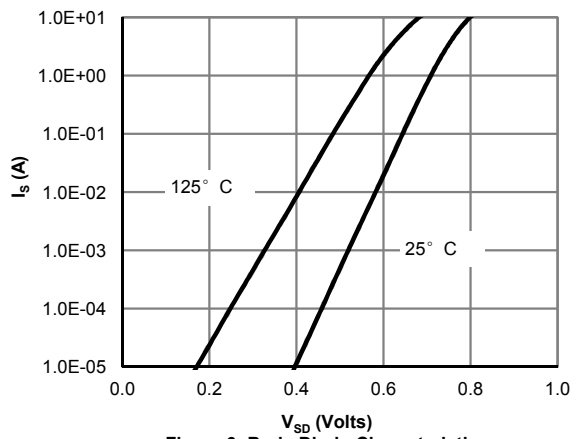
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

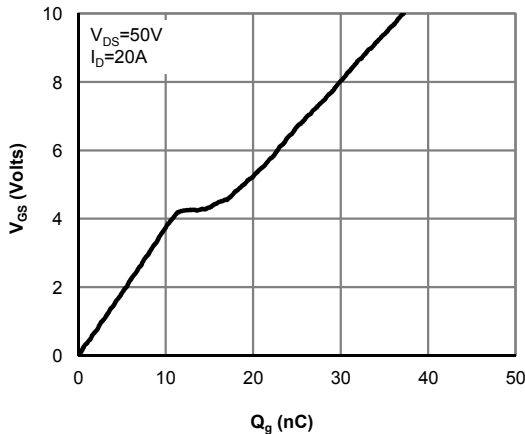


**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

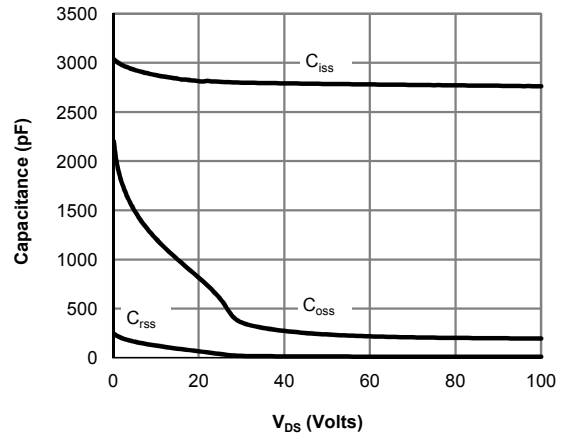


**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

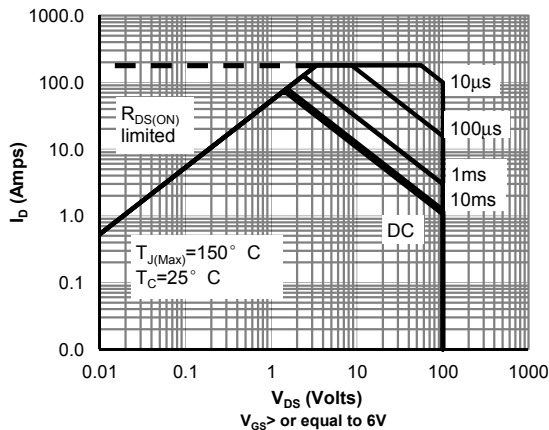
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



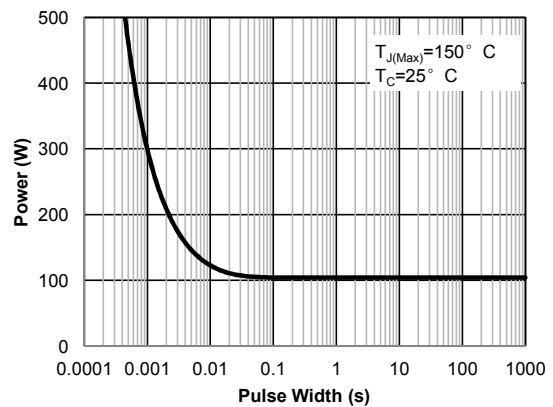
**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**



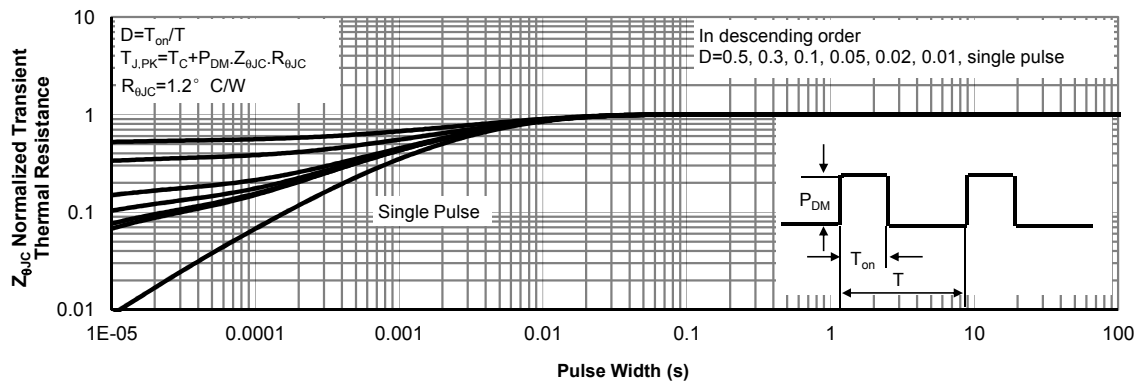
**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**



**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F) - AOW296**



**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F) - AOW296**



**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F) - AOW296**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

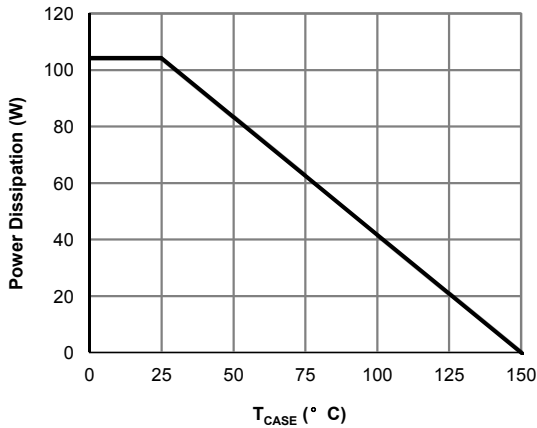


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F) - AOW296

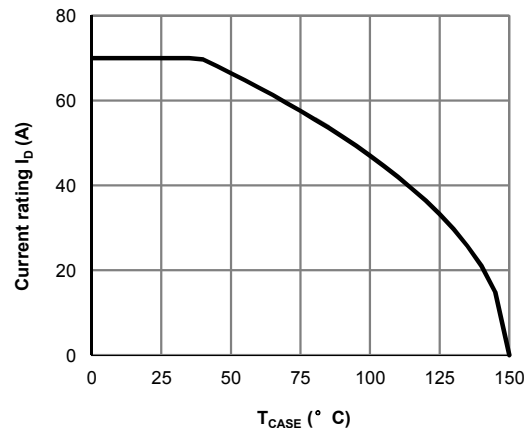


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F) - AOW296

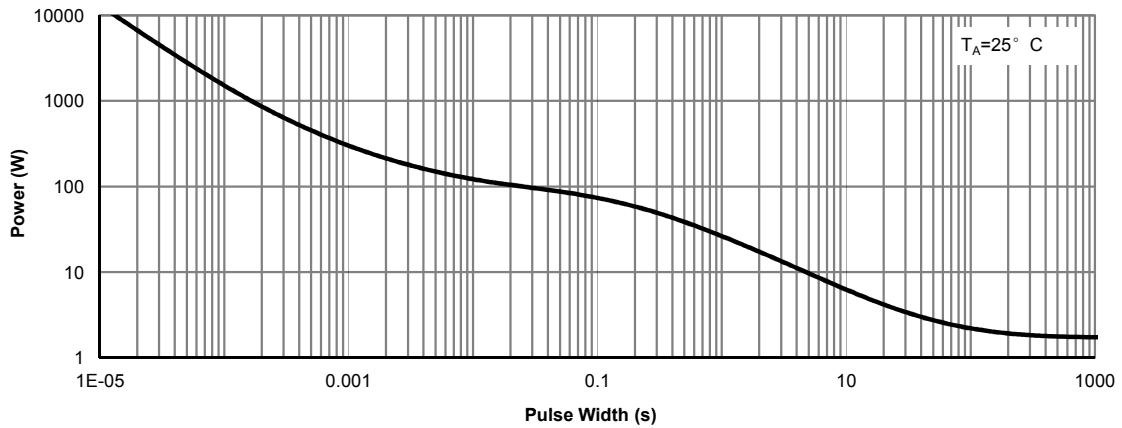


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H) - AOW296

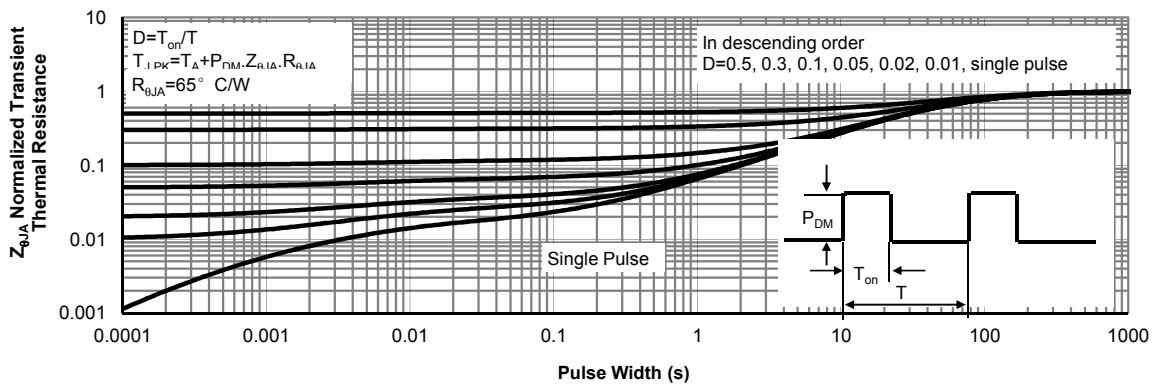
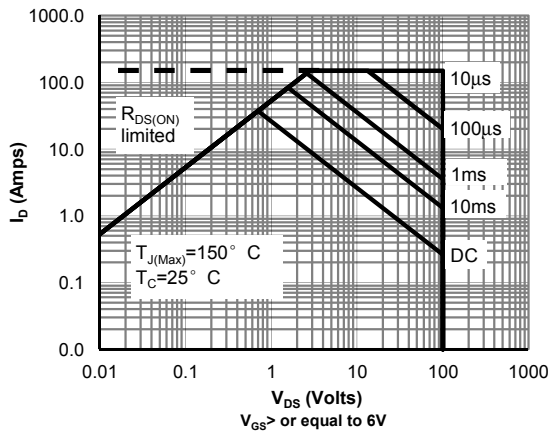
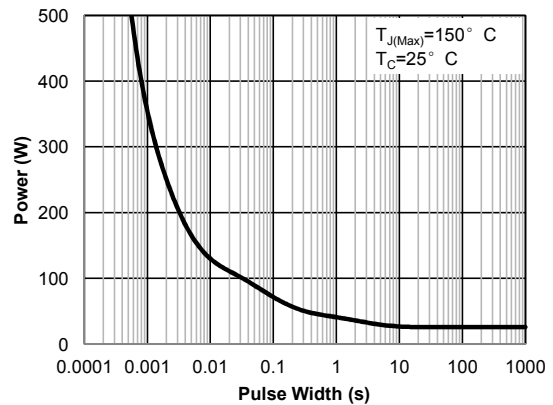


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H) - AOW296

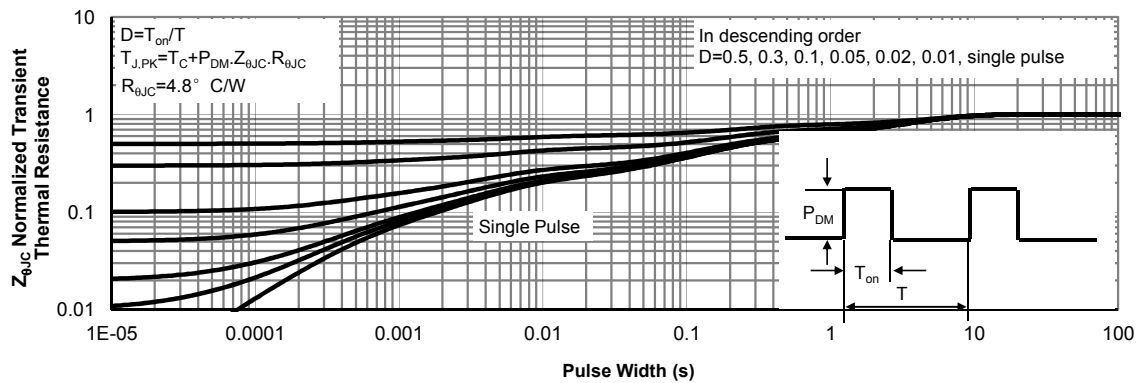
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F) - AOWF296**



**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F) - AOWF296**



**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F) - AOWF296**

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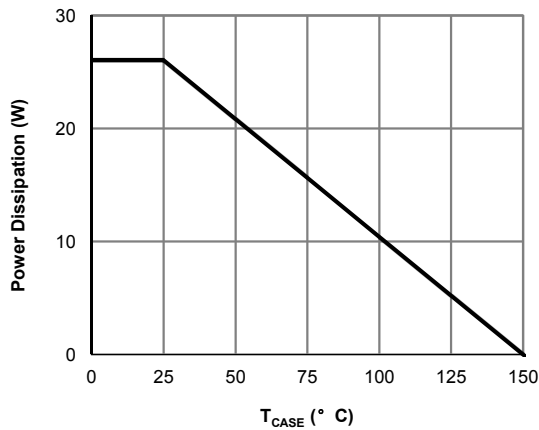


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F) - AOWF296

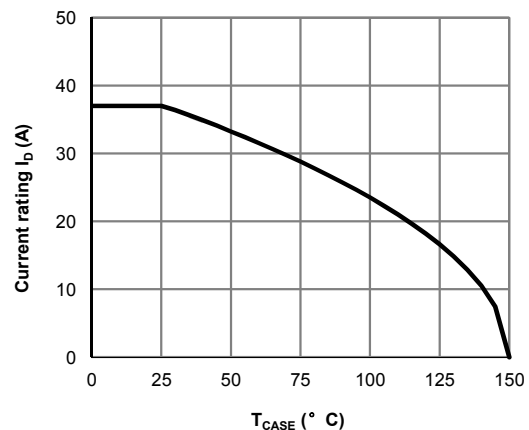


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F) - AOWF296

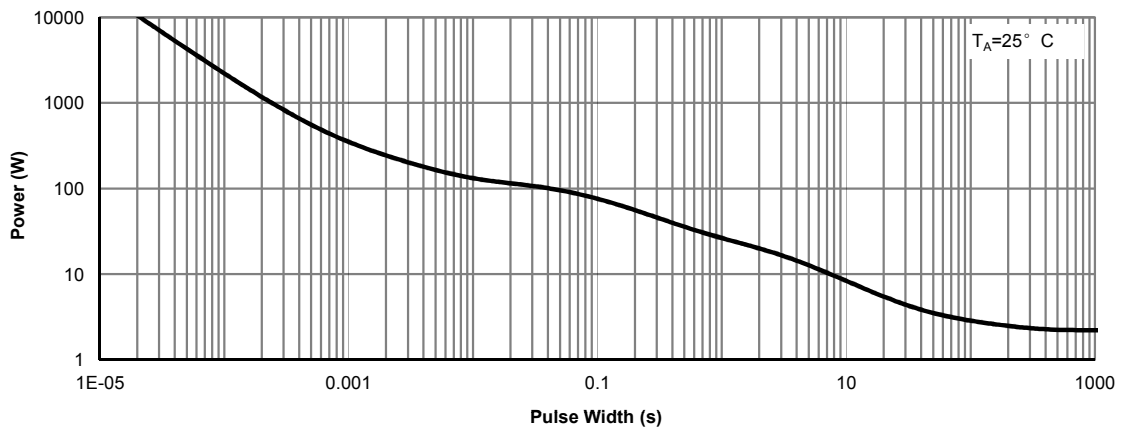


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H) - AOWF296

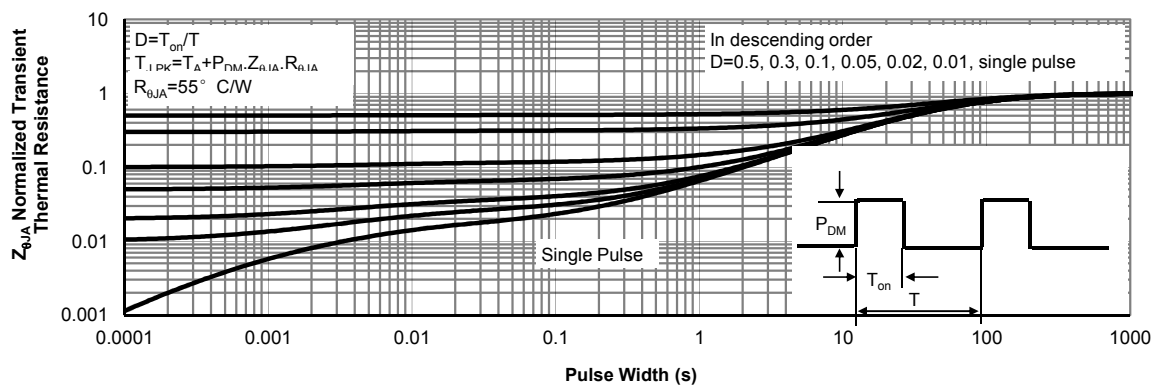


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H) - AOWF296

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

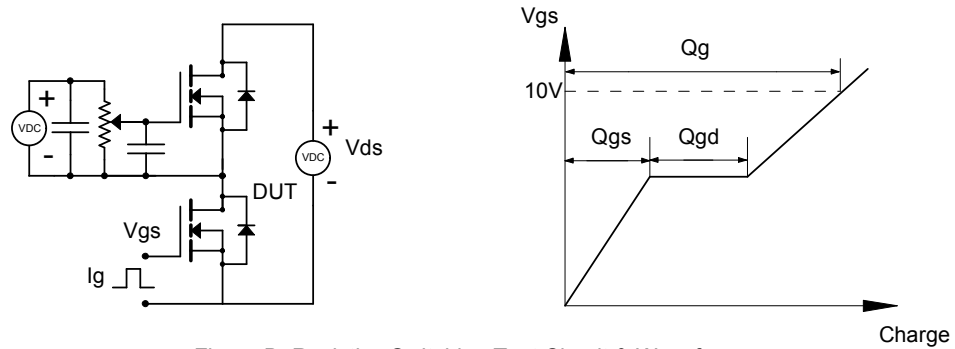


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

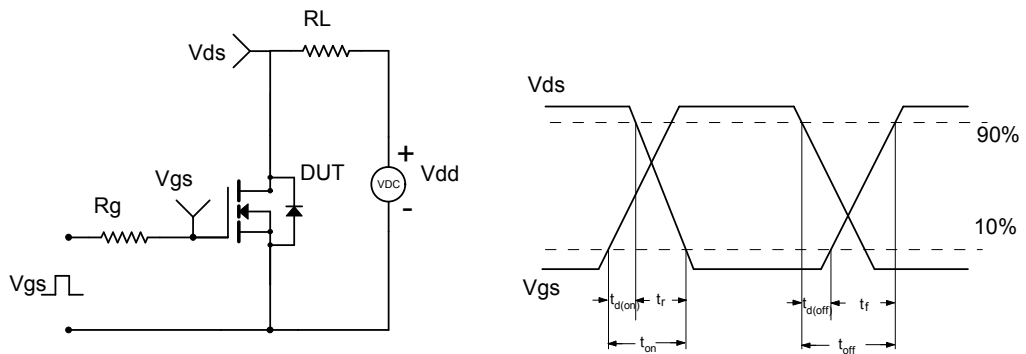


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

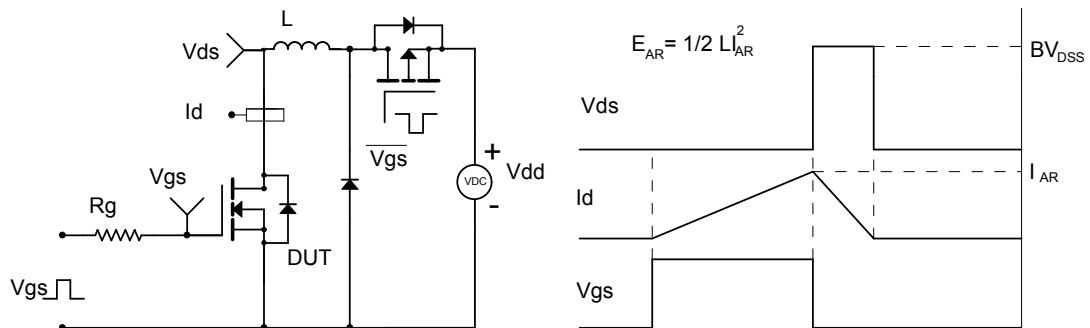


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

