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Kind regards,

Team Nexperia



# PBSS4160PANP

60 V, 1 A NPN/PNP low  $V_{CEsat}$  (BISS) transistor

14 January 2013

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

NPN/PNP low  $V_{CEsat}$  Breakthrough In Small Signal (BISS) transistor in a leadless medium power DFN2020-6 (SOT1118) Surface-Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package.

NPN/NPN complement: PBSS4160PAN. PNP/PNP complement: PBSS5160PAP.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage  $V_{CEsat}$
- High collector current capability  $I_C$  and  $I_{CM}$
- High collector current gain  $h_{FE}$  at high  $I_C$
- Reduced Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) requirements
- High efficiency due to less heat generation
- AEC-Q101 qualified

## 3. Applications

- Load switch
- Battery-driven devices
- Power management
- Charging circuits
- Power switches (e.g. motors, fans)

## 4. Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

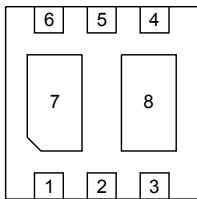
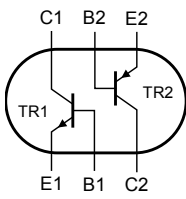
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Per transistor; for the PNP transistor with negative polarity</b>						
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	60	V
$I_C$	collector current		-	-	1	A
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1$ ms	-	-	1.5	A
<b>TR1 (NPN)</b>						
$R_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = 0.5$ A; $I_B = 50$ mA; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300$ $\mu$ s; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C	-	-	240	m $\Omega$



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR2 (PNP)</b>						
R <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I <sub>C</sub> = -0.5 A; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ

## 5. Pinning information

**Table 2. Pinning information**

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	E1	emitter TR1	 <p>Transparent top view <b>DFN2020-6 (SOT1118)</b></p>	 <p><i>sym139</i></p>
2	B1	base TR1		
3	C2	collector TR2		
4	E2	emitter TR2		
5	B2	base TR2		
6	C1	collector TR1		
7	C1	collector TR1		
8	C2	collector TR2		

## 6. Ordering information

**Table 3. Ordering information**

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
PBSS4160PANP	DFN2020-6	plastic thermal enhanced ultra thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm	SOT1118

## 7. Marking

**Table 4. Marking codes**

Type number	Marking code
PBSS4160PANP	2M

## 8. Limiting values

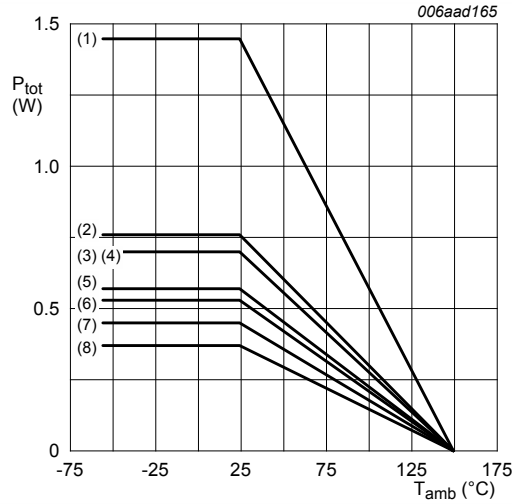
**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
<b>Per transistor; for the PNP transistor with negative polarity</b>					
V <sub>CBO</sub>	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	60	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	60	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>EBO</sub>	emitter-base voltage	open collector		-	7	V
I <sub>C</sub>	collector current			-	1	A
I <sub>CM</sub>	peak collector current	single pulse; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 ms		-	1.5	A
I <sub>B</sub>	base current			-	0.3	A
I <sub>BM</sub>	peak base current	single pulse; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 ms		-	1	A
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	370	mW
			[2]	-	570	mW
			[3]	-	530	mW
			[4]	-	700	mW
			[5]	-	450	mW
			[6]	-	760	mW
			[7]	-	700	mW
			[8]	-	1450	mW
<b>Per device</b>						
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	510	mW
			[2]	-	780	mW
			[3]	-	730	mW
			[4]	-	960	mW
			[5]	-	620	mW
			[6]	-	1040	mW
			[7]	-	960	mW
			[8]	-	2000	mW
T <sub>j</sub>	junction temperature			-	150	°C
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature			-55	150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	150	°C

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.



- (1) 4-layer PCB 70 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (2) FR4 PCB 70 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (3) 4-layer PCB 70 μm, standard footprint
- (4) 4-layer PCB 35 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (5) FR4 PCB 35 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (6) 4-layer PCB 35 μm, standard footprint
- (7) FR4 PCB 70 μm, standard footprint
- (8) FR4 PCB 35 μm, standard footprint

Fig. 1. Per transistor: power derating curves

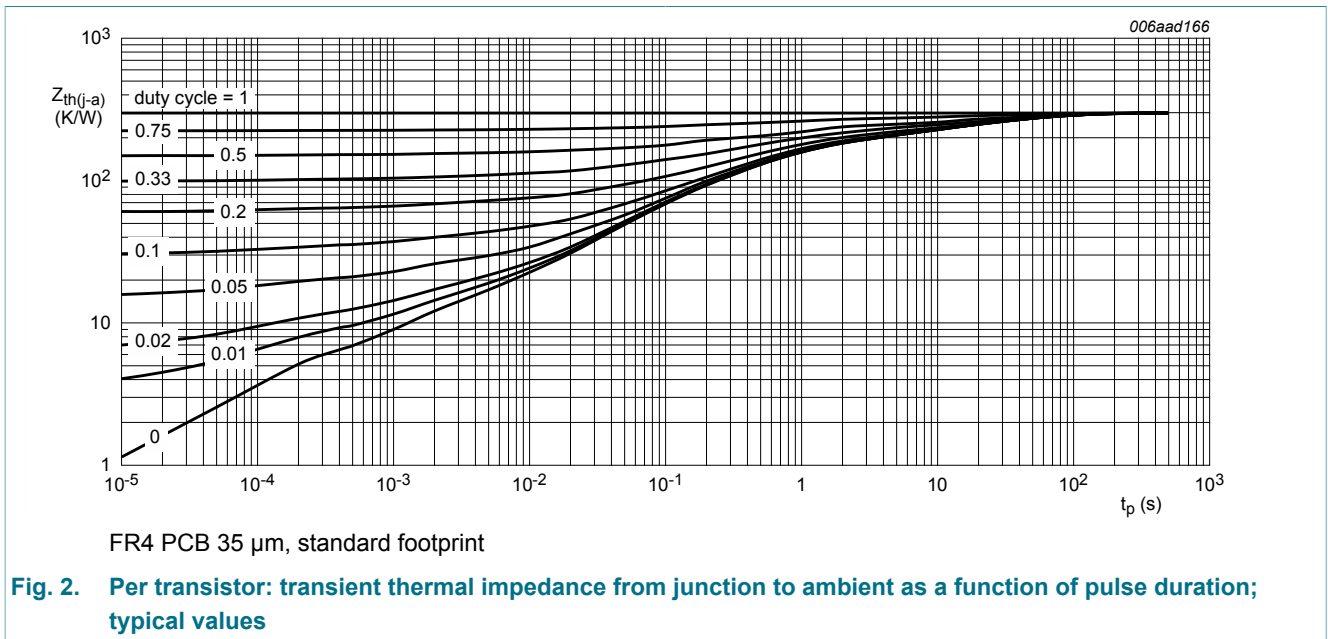
## 9. Thermal characteristics

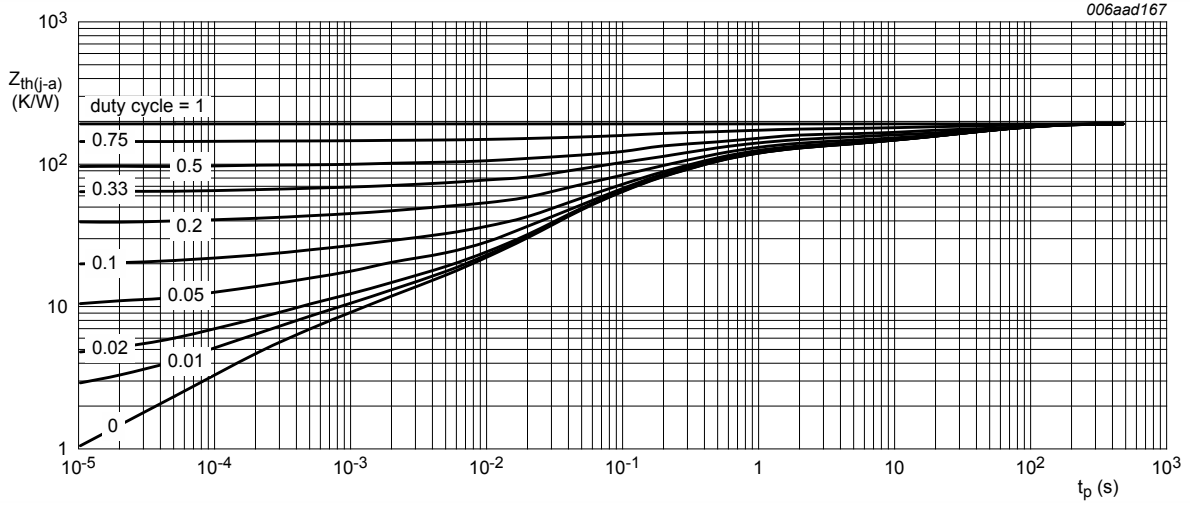
Table 6. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b>Per transistor</b>							
R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	338	K/W
			[2]	-	-	219	K/W
			[3]	-	-	236	K/W
			[4]	-	-	179	K/W
			[5]	-	-	278	K/W
			[6]	-	-	164	K/W
			[7]	-	-	179	K/W
			[8]	-	-	86	K/W
R <sub>th(j-sp)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to solder point		-	-	30	K/W	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Per device</b>							
R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	245	K/W
			[2]	-	-	160	K/W
			[3]	-	-	171	K/W
			[4]	-	-	130	K/W
			[5]	-	-	202	K/W
			[6]	-	-	120	K/W
			[7]	-	-	130	K/W
			[8]	-	-	63	K/W

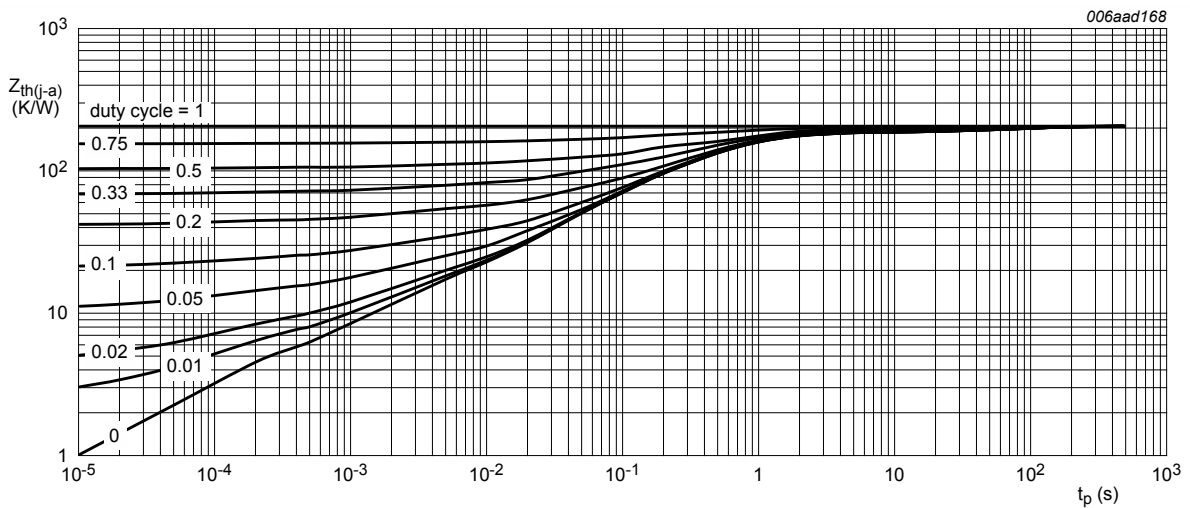
- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.





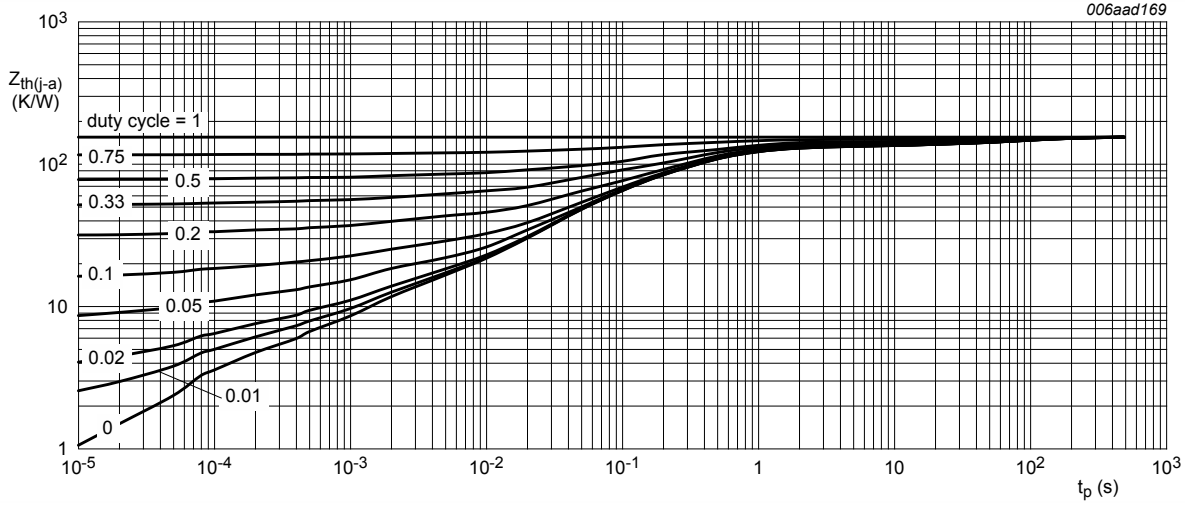
FR4 PCB 35  $\mu$ m, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 3. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



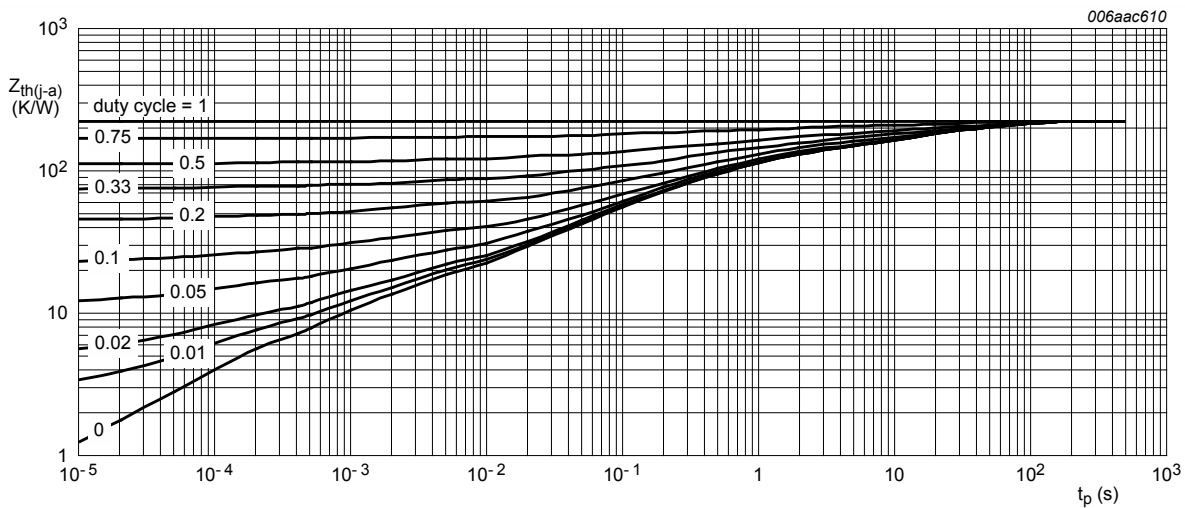
4-layer PCB 35  $\mu$ m, standard footprint

Fig. 4. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



4-layer PCB 35  $\mu\text{m}$ , mounting pad for collector 1  $\text{cm}^2$

Fig. 5. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



FR4 PCB 70  $\mu\text{m}$ , standard footprint

Fig. 6. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



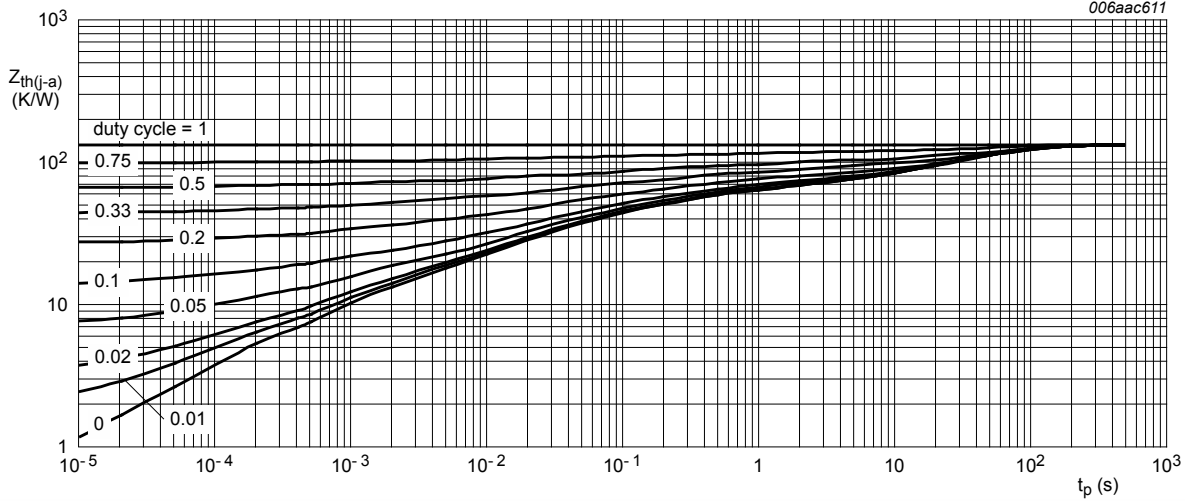


Fig. 7. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

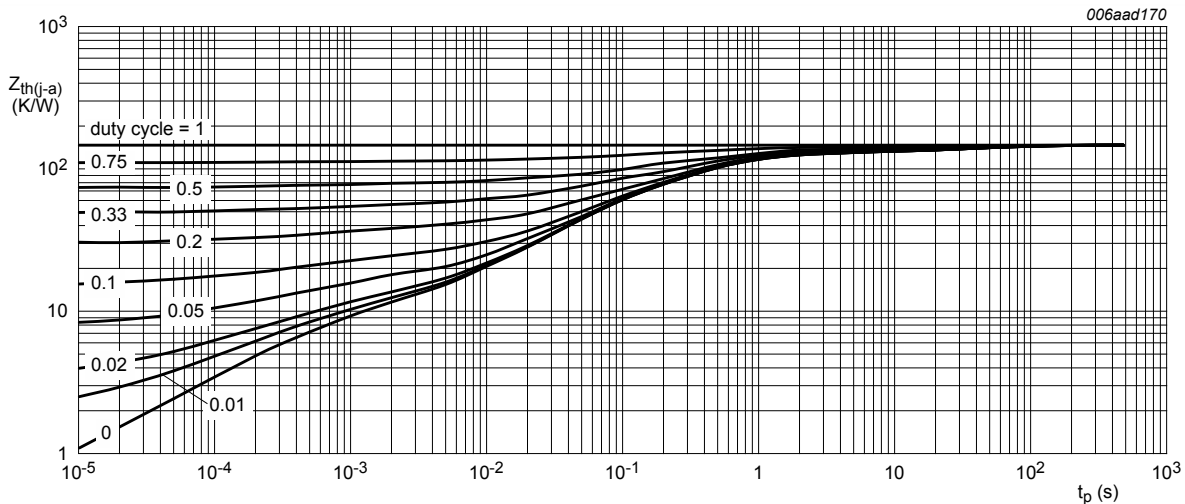
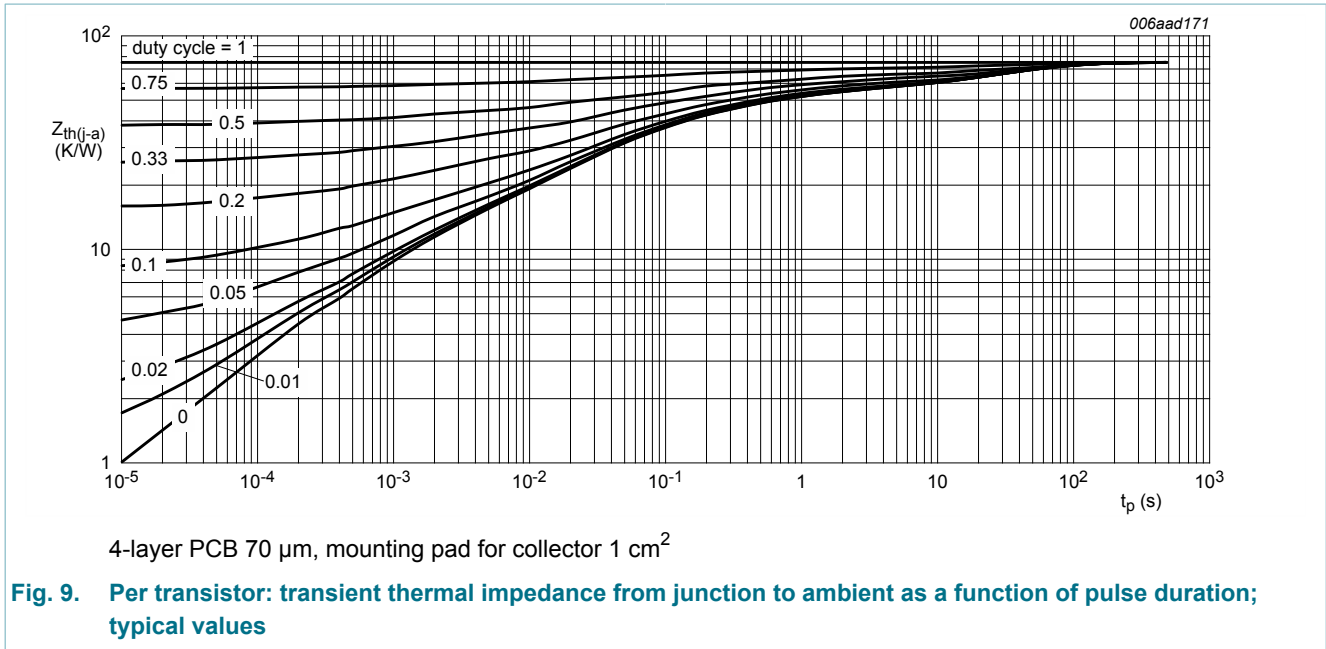


Fig. 8. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



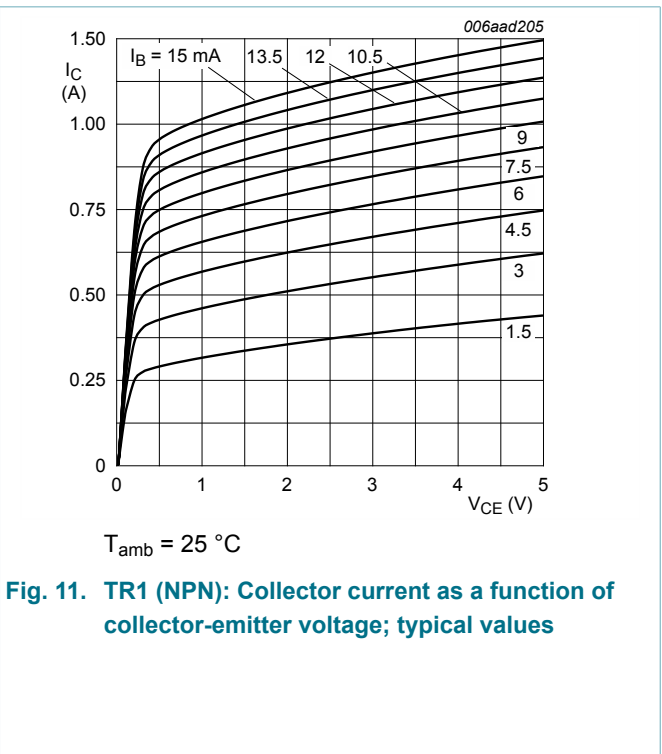
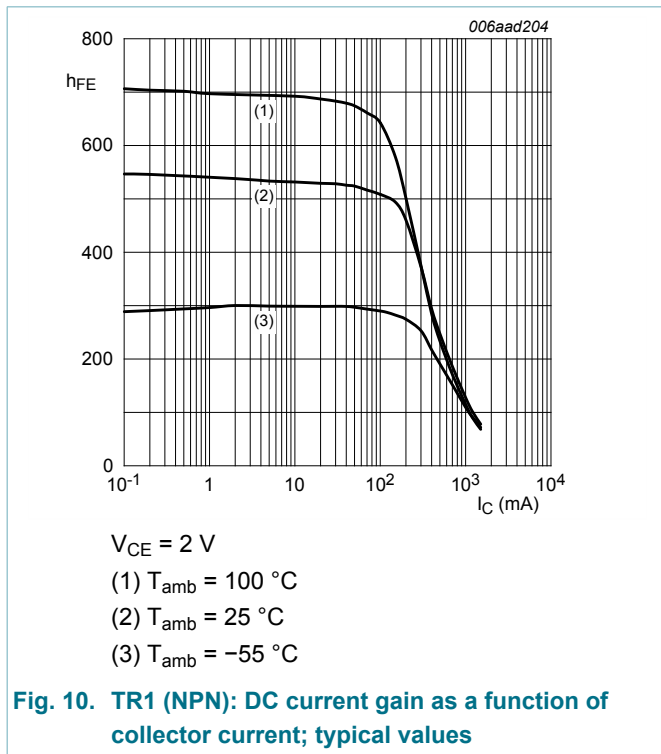
## 10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR1 (NPN)</b>						
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 48 \text{ V}; I_E = 0 \text{ A}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	nA
		$V_{CB} = 48 \text{ V}; I_E = 0 \text{ A}; T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}; I_C = 0 \text{ A}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	nA
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}; I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	290	430	-	
		$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}; I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	150	220	-	
		$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}; I_C = 1 \text{ A}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	70	110	-	
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; I_B = 50 \text{ mA}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	90	120	mV
		$I_C = 1 \text{ A}; I_B = 50 \text{ mA}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	185	240	mV
		$I_C = 1 \text{ A}; I_B = 100 \text{ mA}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	175	220	mV
$R_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ A}; I_B = 50 \text{ mA}; \text{pulsed}; t_p \leq 300 \text{ } \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	240	$\text{m}\Omega$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>BEsat</sub>	base-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	1	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 100 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
V <sub>BEon</sub>	base-emitter turn-on voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	0.9	V
t <sub>d</sub>	delay time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A; I <sub>Bon</sub> = 25 mA; I <sub>Boff</sub> = -25 mA; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	15	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	rise time		-	90	-	ns
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-on time		-	105	-	ns
t <sub>s</sub>	storage time		-	410	-	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	fall time		-	130	-	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	turn-off time		-	540	-	ns
f <sub>T</sub>	transition frequency		V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA; f = 100 MHz; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	90	175	-
C <sub>c</sub>	collector capacitance	V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 V; I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A; i <sub>e</sub> = 0 A; f = 1 MHz; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	4	6	pF
<b>TR2 (PNP)</b>						
I <sub>CBO</sub>	collector-base cut-off current	V <sub>CB</sub> = -48 V; I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A	-	-	-100	nA
		V <sub>CB</sub> = -48 V; I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	-	-	-50	μA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	emitter-base cut-off current	V <sub>EB</sub> = -5 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 0 A	-	-	-100	nA
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	V <sub>CE</sub> = -2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = -100 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	170	245	-	
		V <sub>CE</sub> = -2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	120	170	-	
		V <sub>CE</sub> = -2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = -1 A; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	70	100	-	
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-125	-180	mV
		I <sub>C</sub> = -1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-390	-550	mV
		I <sub>C</sub> = -1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = -100 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-240	-340	mV
R <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I <sub>C</sub> = -0.5 A; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ
V <sub>BEsat</sub>	base-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	-1	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -50\text{ mA};$ pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1	V
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -100\text{ mA};$ pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1.1	V
$V_{\text{BEon}}$	base-emitter turn-on voltage	$V_{\text{CE}} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -0.5\text{ A};$ pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-0.9	V
$t_d$	delay time	$V_{\text{CC}} = -10\text{ V}; I_C = -0.5\text{ A}; I_{\text{Bon}} = -25\text{ mA};$ $I_{\text{Boff}} = 25\text{ mA}; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	15	-	ns
$t_r$	rise time		-	40	-	ns
$t_{\text{on}}$	turn-on time		-	55	-	ns
$t_s$	storage time		-	95	-	ns
$t_f$	fall time		-	40	-	ns
$t_{\text{off}}$	turn-off time		-	135	-	ns
$f_T$	transition frequency		$V_{\text{CE}} = -10\text{ V}; I_C = -50\text{ mA}; f = 100\text{ MHz};$ $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	65	125	-
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{\text{CB}} = -10\text{ V}; I_E = 0\text{ A}; i_e = 0\text{ A};$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	9.5	13	pF



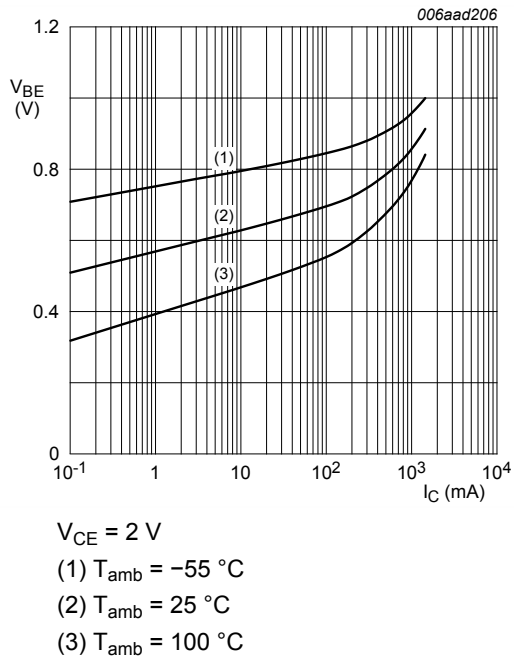


Fig. 12. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

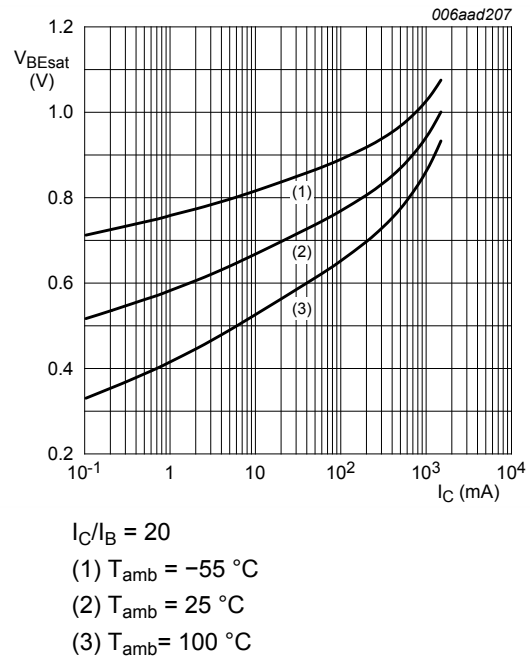


Fig. 13. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

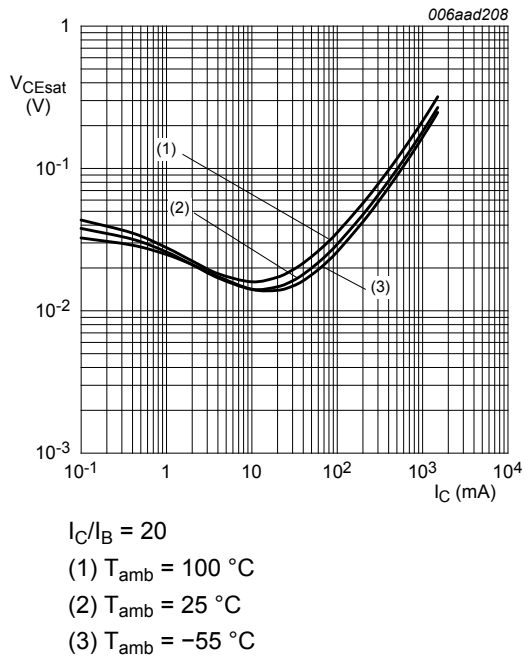


Fig. 14. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

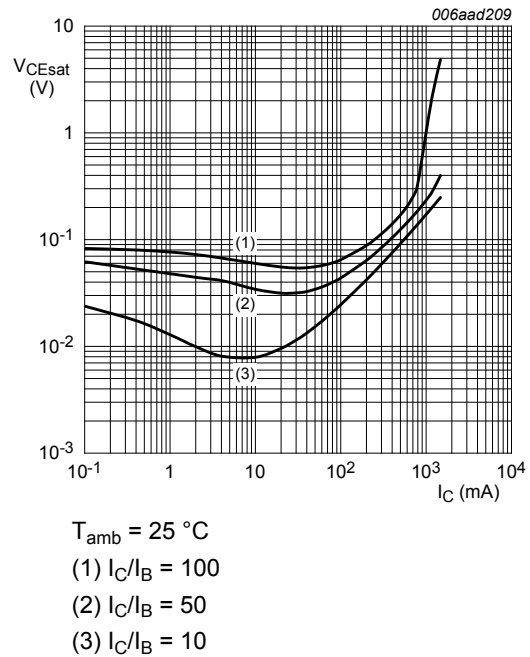
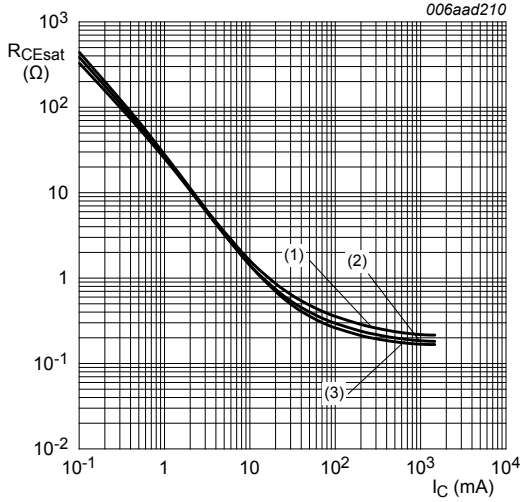


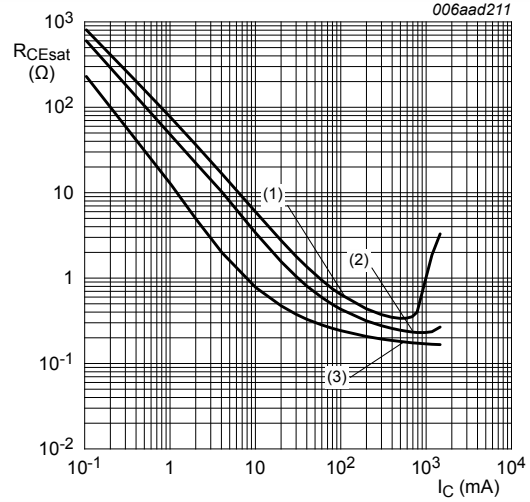
Fig. 15. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$I_C/I_B = 20$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 100^\circ C$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = -55^\circ C$

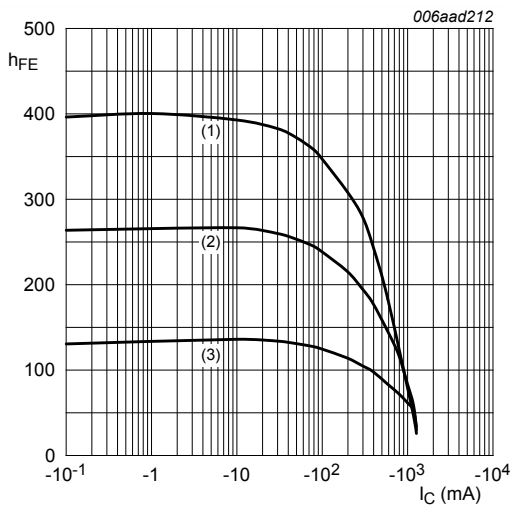
Fig. 16. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

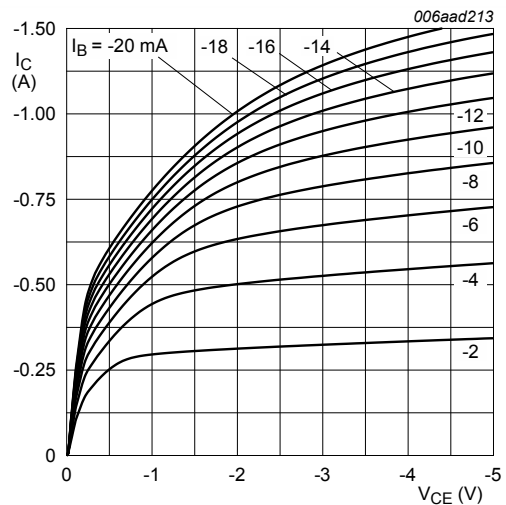
Fig. 17. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$V_{CE} = -2 V$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 100^\circ C$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = -55^\circ C$

Fig. 18. TR2 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$

Fig. 19. TR2 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

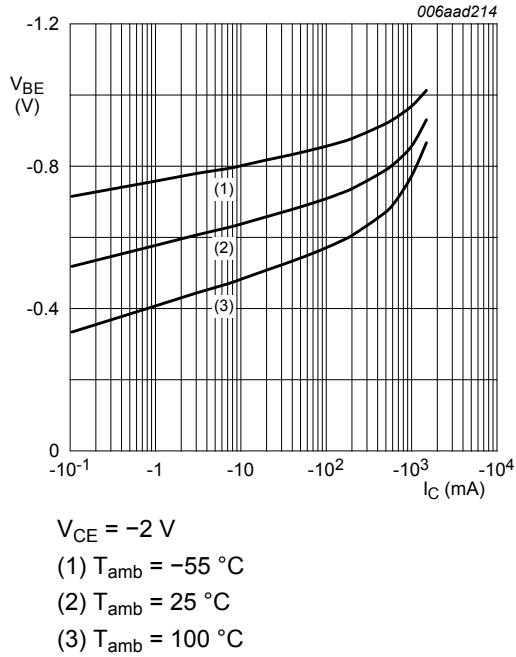


Fig. 20. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

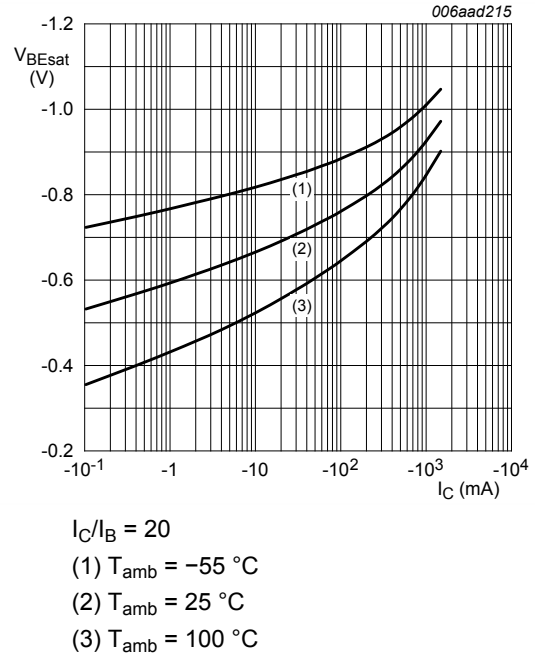


Fig. 21. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

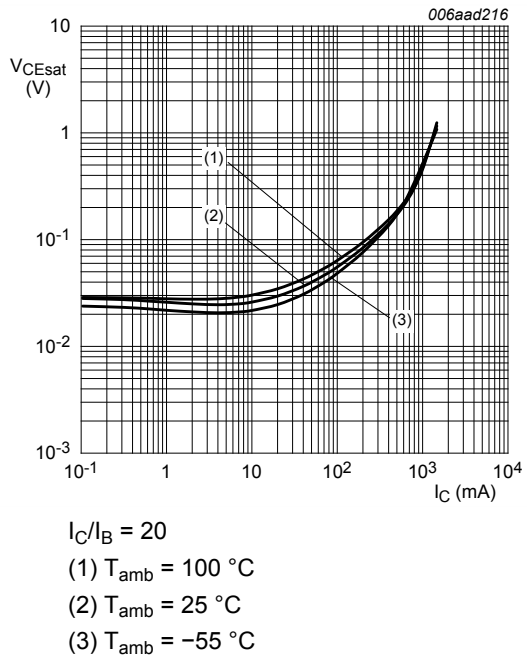


Fig. 22. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

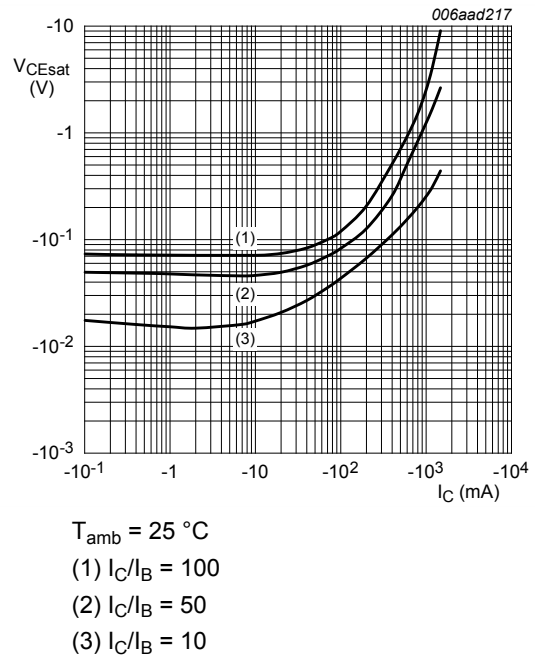
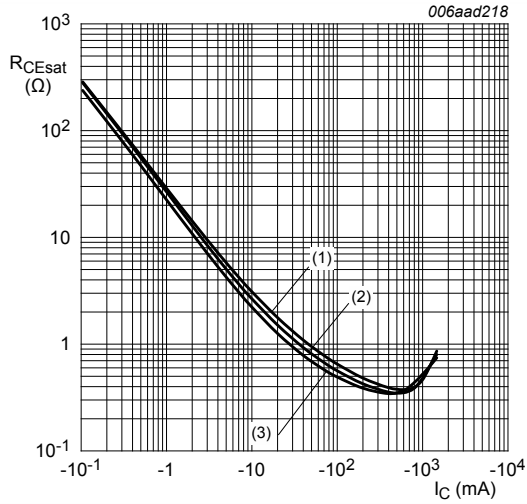
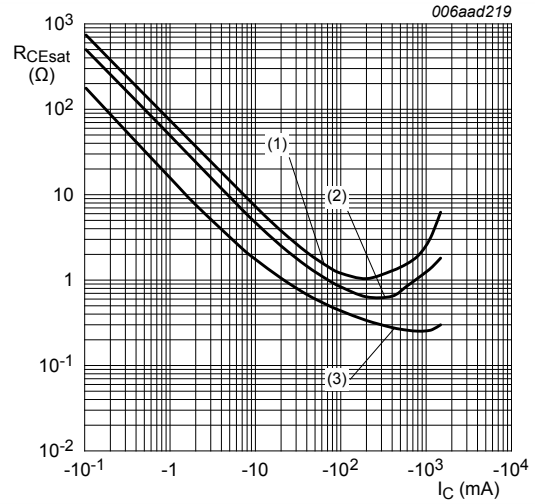


Fig. 23. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



- $I_C/I_B = 20$
- (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

**Fig. 24. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values**



- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
  - (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
  - (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

**Fig. 25. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values**



### 11. Test information

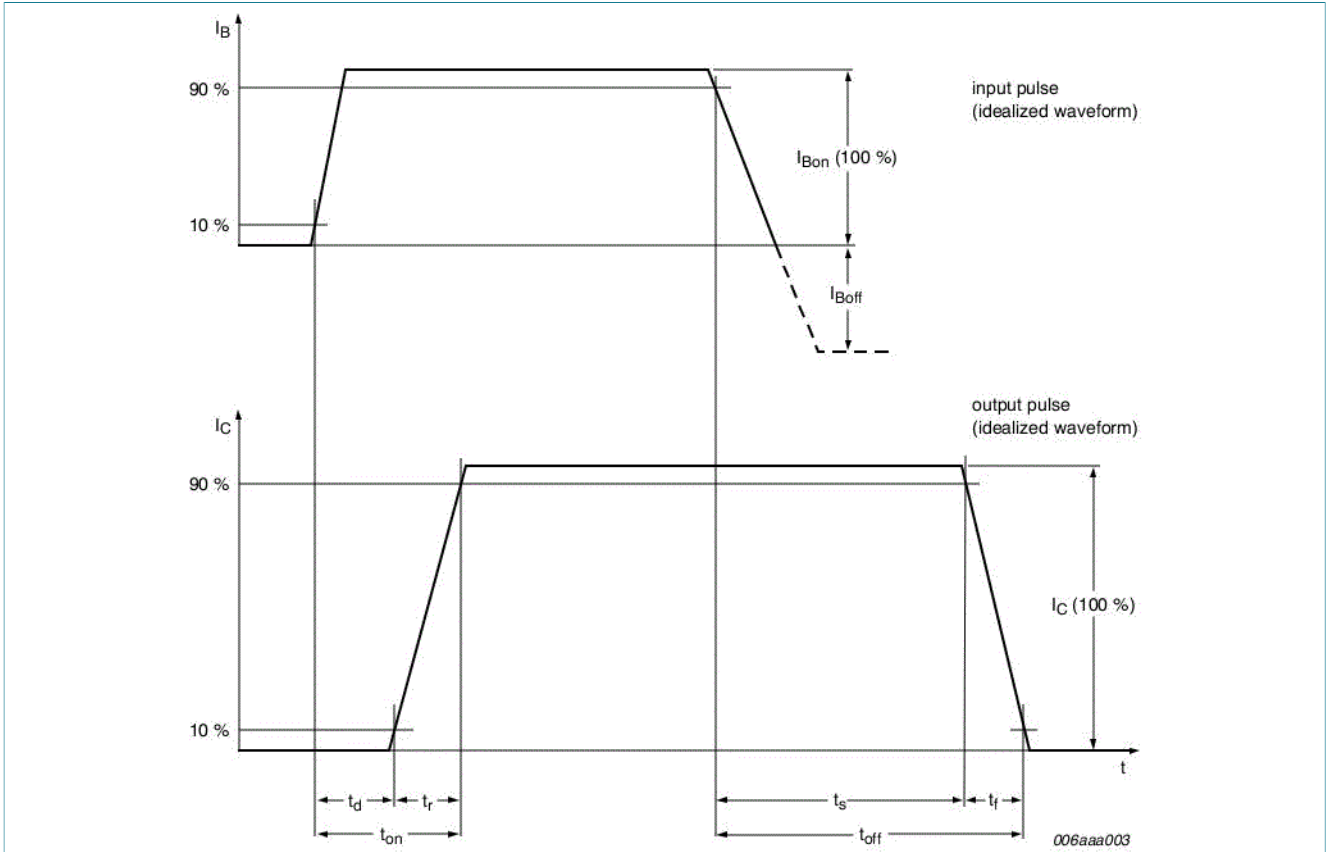


Fig. 26. TR1 (NPN): BISS transistor switching time definition

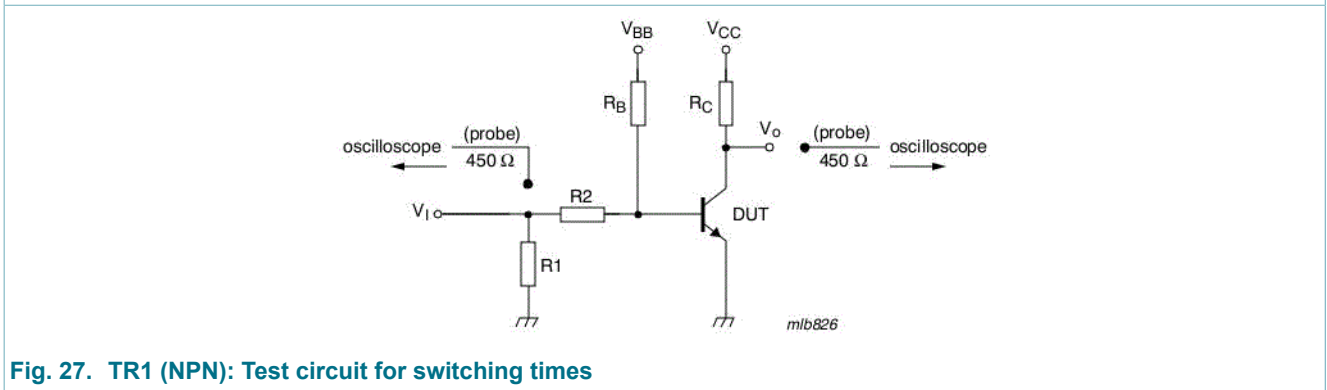


Fig. 27. TR1 (NPN): Test circuit for switching times

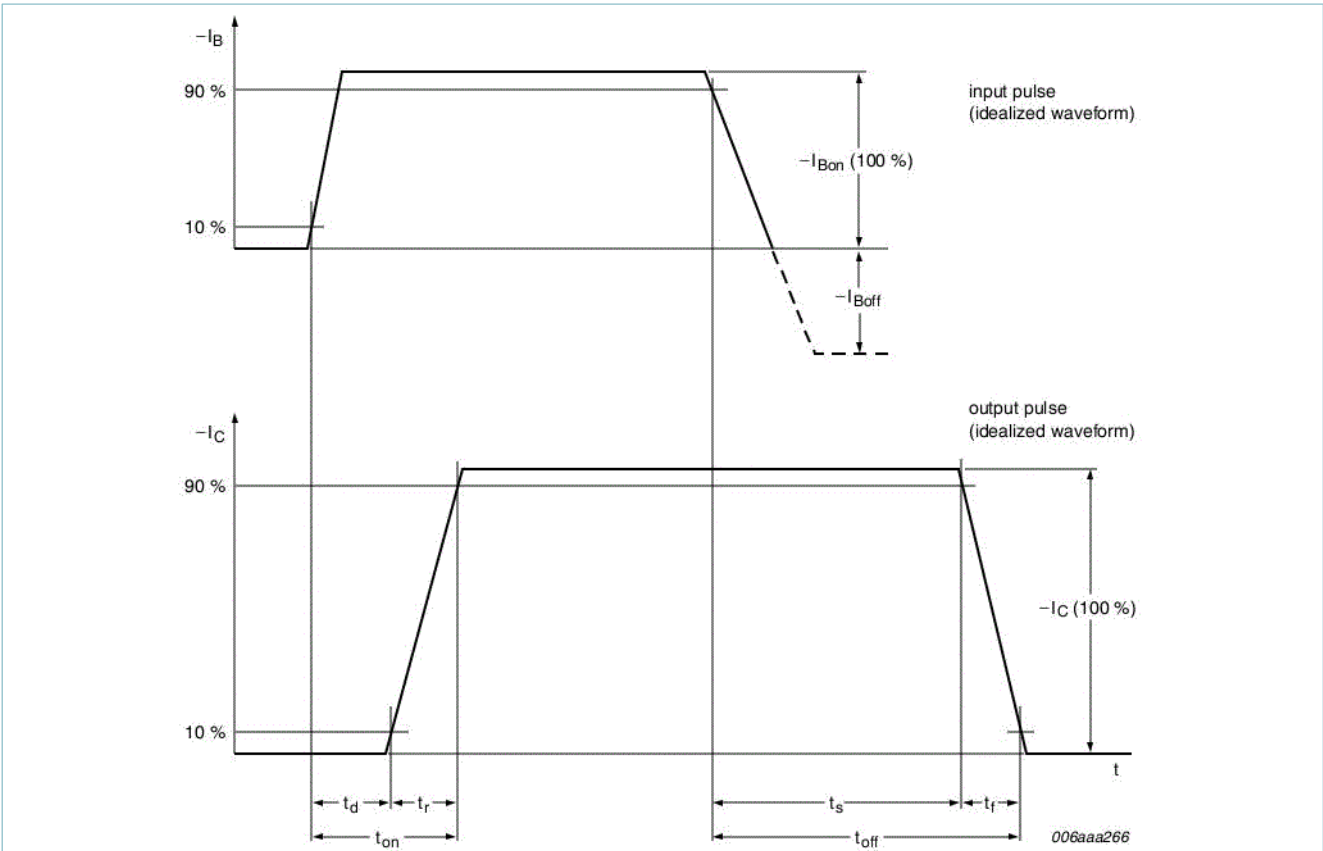


Fig. 28. TR2 (PNP): BISS transistor switching time definition

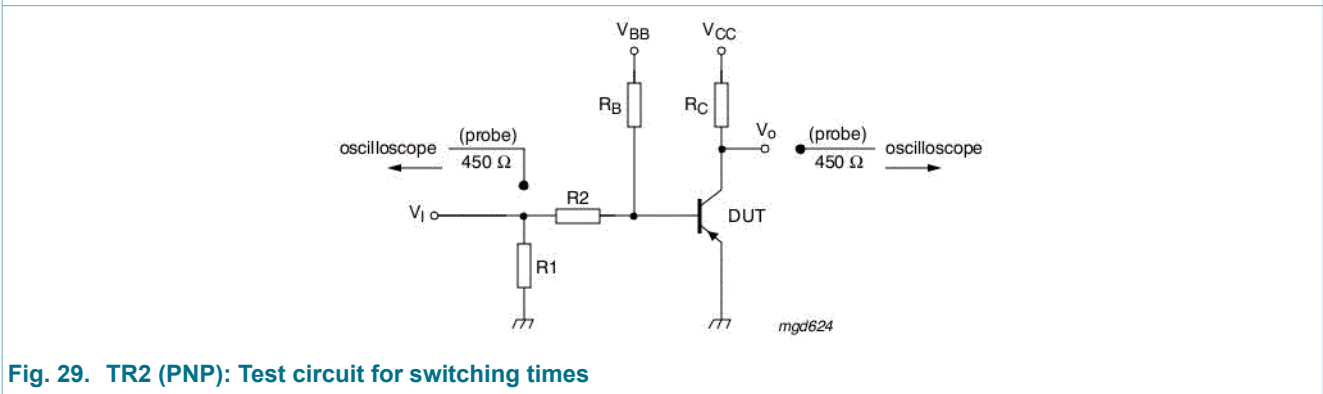


Fig. 29. TR2 (PNP): Test circuit for switching times

### 11.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q101 - *Stress test qualification for discrete semiconductors*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

## 12. Package outline

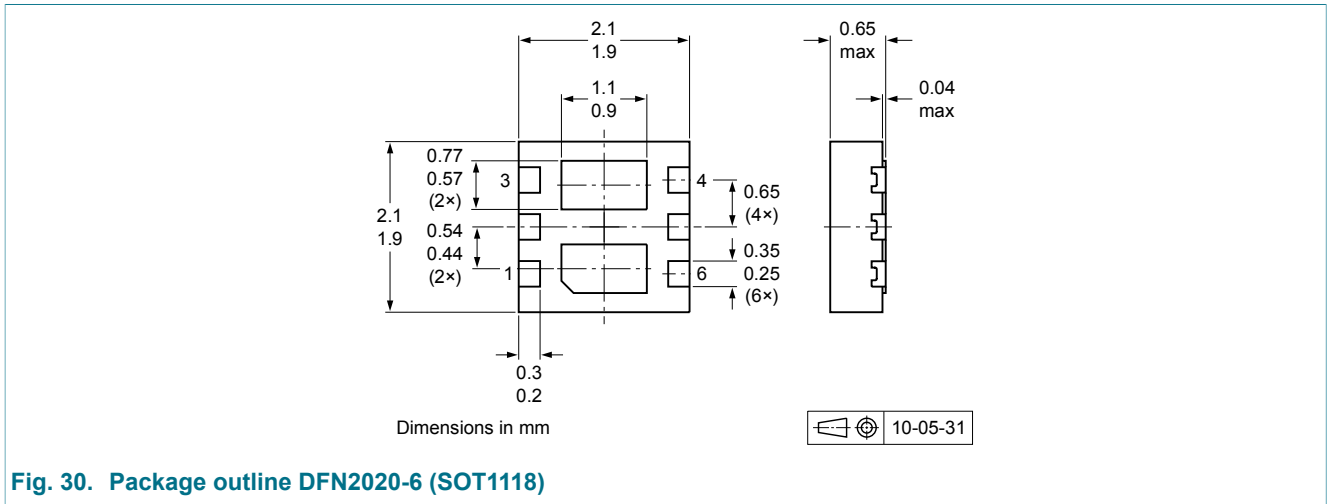


Fig. 30. Package outline DFN2020-6 (SOT1118)

## 13. Soldering

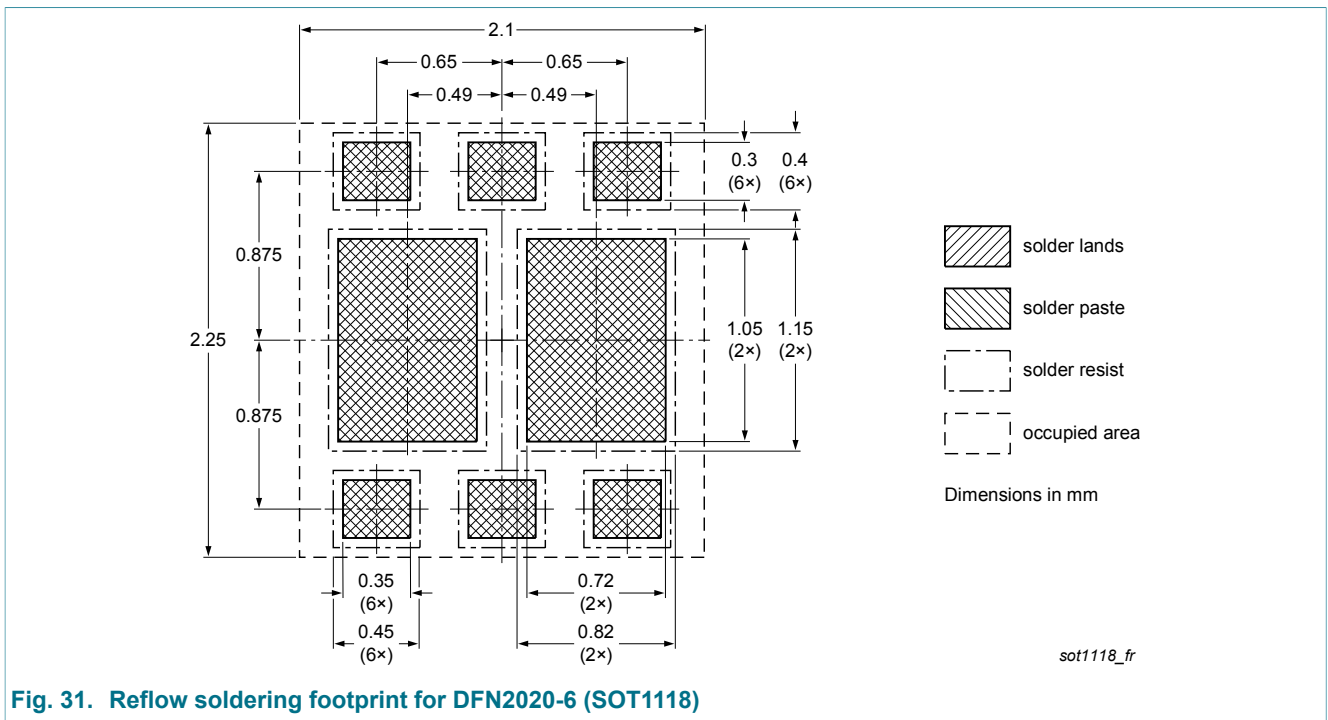


Fig. 31. Reflow soldering footprint for DFN2020-6 (SOT1118)

## 14. Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

Data sheet ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
PBSS4160PANP v.1	20130114	Product data sheet	-	-

## 15. Legal information

### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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